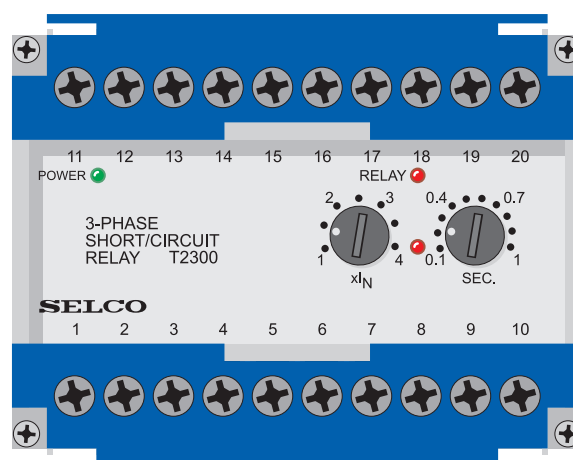


T2300 Phase Short Circuit Relay



- Protection of generators against short circuit
- Visual indication of power, pick-up and relay tripping
- High precision digital countdown timer for delayed output
- Normal function upon loss of supply due to built-in energy source
- Accepts high supply voltage variations: 60 - 110%
- Cost effective and highly reliable compact design
- 50 hours burn-in before final test
- Certified by major marine classification societies
- Flame retardant enclosure



Application

The T2300 3 Phase Short Circuit Relay is intended as a protection relay for generators, power transmissions and consumer's supply by tripping the main circuit breaker.

The T2300 protects against faults causing high currents.

The T2300 is part of the SELCO T-Line series with modular units for protection, control and monitoring of generators, both in marine and land-based applications. The T2300 is type approved by major marine classification societies.

Function

The T2300 detects the highest of the 3 input currents and, if this exceeds the preset level ($1.0 - 4.0 \times I_N$), the pick-up LED will indicate and the delay timer will be started.

After the preset time (0.1 - 1.0 sec.) has expired, the normally energized output relay will de-energize and the relay LED will be activated, provided that the current level was exceeded for the entire delay time.

The T2300 has a normally energized output relay and contains an energy source,

sufficient for proper supply during the maximum time delay, ensuring normal function and safe operation, even upon loss of supply voltage.

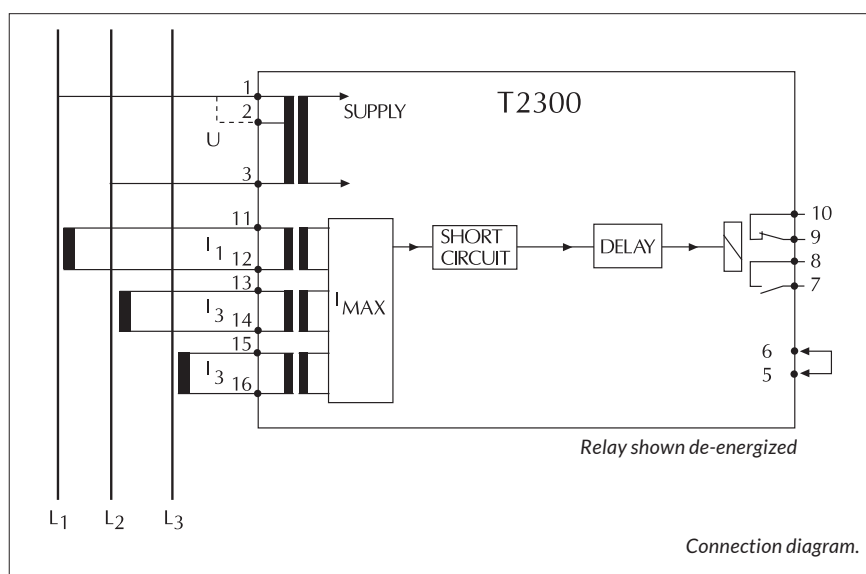
The output relay is a latching relay. The latching can be reset or disabled by bridging terminals 5 and 6.

Installation

The supply voltage is connected to terminals 1 and 3 or terminals 2 and 3, according to the supply source.

The T2300 is connected to the measuring current coming from the current transducers secondary via terminals 11-12, 13-14 and 15-16. See connection diagram.

The current setting can be calculated according to the following example:
 Short circuit protection of a generator.
 Required trip level: 300%
 Generator rating: 695A
 Current transformer: 800/5A
 Setting: $300 \times 695/800 = 261\% = 2.6 \times I_N$



Specifications

T2300 3 Phase Short Circuit Relay

Trip level	1.0 - 4.0 x I_N
Delay	0.1 - 1.0 sec.
Max. voltage	660V
Voltage range	60 - 110%
Consumption	Voltage 5VA at U_N Current 0.3VA at I_N
Continuous current	2 x I_N
Frequency range	45 - 400Hz
Output relay	Normally energized, latching, resetable
Contact rating	AC: 400V, 5A, 2000VA DC: 150V, 5A, 150W
Overall accuracy	±5%
Repeatability	±1%
Operating temperature	-20°C to +70°C
Dielectric test	2500V, 50Hz
EMC	According to IEC/EN 61000-6-1/2/3/4
Approvals	Certified by major marine classification societies
Burn-in	50 hours before final test
Enclosure material	Polycarbonate. Flame retardant
Weight	0.5kg
Dimensions	70 x 100 x 115mm (H x W x D)
Installation	35mm DIN rail or 4mm (3/16") screws

The specifications are subject to change without notice.

Type Selection Table

Standard types: $I_N = 5A$ and output relay normally energized

Type	Terminals		I_N	Function
	1-3	2-3		
T2300.0100	230V		5A	
T2300.0020	450V	400V	5A	
T2300.0030	24V DC		5A	
T2300.0040	24V DC		1A	
T2300.0050	450V	400V	5A	Normally de-energized output
T2300.0060	480V	415V	5A	
T2300.0070	230V		1A	

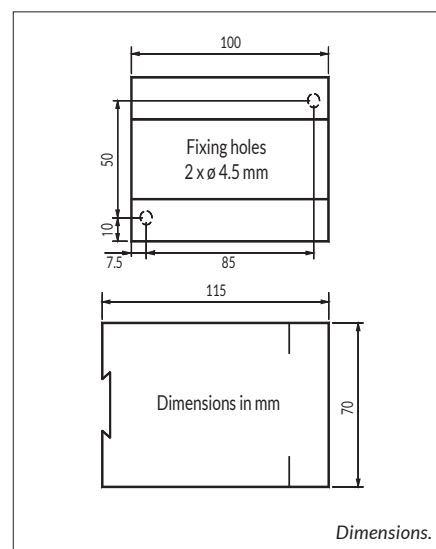
Other supply voltages and combinations are available on request.

Troubleshooting

- 1) If the relay is not operating please check that the power LED is on, ensuring that the supply is present.
- 2) Measure the supply voltage which must be compatible with the information label on top of the enclosure.
- 3) Measure the current levels in terminals 11-12, 13-14 and 15-16 and check that at least one of the currents is above setting.

For example:

$$1 \times I_N = 5A; 2 \times I_N = 10A$$





Approvals & Certificates

The T2300 has been approved by major marine classification societies.

For more information about the individual certificates, please visit selco.com

