

T3500 Frequency Deviation Relay



- Protection of generators from frequency deviation on the grid
- Visual indication of power, ready, pick-up and relay tripping
- Accepts high supply voltage variations: 60 110%
- Cost effective and highly reliable compact design
- 50 hours burn-in before final test
- Operating temperature range: -20°C to +70°C
- Flame retardant enclosure
- DIN rail or screw mounting



Application

When generators are operating in parallel with the grid (utility) it is important to detect that the grid supply is present. With the grid connected the system frequency is very stable, but if there is an interruption of the grid, a frequency deviation will occur and this will be detected by the T3500.

Thus the T3500 provides a good protection to a generator, operating in parallel with the grid, as the frequency deviations can damage the generator as well as the switchgear.

Function

The relay is a D frequency / D time relay. The working principle of the unit can be understood as a flywheel. This means that the unit will adjust itself to the frequency of the connected grid.

Slow changes in the grid frequency will not cause the unit to trip, as the flywheel will only adjust itself to the new frequency. However a rapid change in the frequency of 0.5 - 1.5 Hz/sec., which is adjustable on the front, will cause the relay to trip. When the supply voltage is connected the output relay is energized and a delay of 4 sec. is introduced in order to allow for the measuring circuit to adjust. The "ready" LED will indicate and if the input frequency deviates above the setting in either direction, the "pick-up" LED will indicate, and provided the frequency deviation continues for more than 100 msec., the output relay will de-energize and this will be indicated on the "relay" LED.

The 100 msec. delay can be omitted by bridging terminals 19 and 20 or it can be reduced to 50 msec. by inserting a resistor of $620 \text{ k}\Omega$ between terminals 19 and 20.

The output relay can not be energized again until the unit has been reset by disconnecting the supply or by using the blocking input by connecting terminals 18 and 19.

As long as the blocking input is present, the unit will not make any measurement. This

function can be used to make the unit inactive when the circuit breaker is open and the generator thus not operating in parallel with the grid.

The blocking signal can be a signal from the circuit breaker auxiliary contact, present when the breaker is open. The "ready" LED will be off as long as the blocking signal is present.

When the blocking signal is cancelled a delay of 4 sec. is again introduced. After the delay the "ready" LED will come on light, indicating that the unit is again ready to make measurements.

Interconnecting terminals 5 and 6 will perform a test of the unit by introducing a phase shift. The phase shift should cause the relay to trip.



Control. Monitor. Protect



Specifications T3500 Frequency Deviation Relay

Deviation adjustment	0.5 - 1.5 Hz/sec.	
Max. voltage	660V	
Voltage range	60 - 110%	
Consumption	4VA at U_{N}	
Frequency range	45 - 65Hz	
Output relay	Normally energized	
Contact ratings	AC: 380V, 2A, 250VA DC: 150V, 2A, 100W	
Operating temperature	-20°C to +70°C	
EMC	According to IEC/EN 61000-6-1/2/3/4	
Approvals	Certified by major marine classification societies	
Burn-in	50 hours before final test	
Enclosure material	Polycarbonate. Flame retardant	
Weight	0.5kg	
Dimensions	70 x 100 x 115mm (H x W x D)	



The specifications are subject to change without notice.

Type Selection Table				
Terminals				

Туре	1-3	2-3	Function	
T3500.0010	230V			
T3500.0020	450V	400V		
T3500.0030	480V	415V		
T3500.0040	110V	100V		
T3500.0050	110V	100V	Adjustment 0.5 - 5 Hz/sec.	

Other combinations and voltages are available on request.



The T3500 has been approved by major marine classification societies.

For more information about the individual certificates, please visit **selco.com**



